

# Woodside Admission Policy

Adopted: January 2020

For Review: January 2021

#### Introduction

This policy applies to admission of pupils into Year 3 and in year admissions to Year 6 as the school is a junior school.

Until December 1<sup>st</sup> 2019 Woodside Junior School was a community school and followed the admission arrangements set by Buckinghamshire Council Local Authority (LA). The school will continue to follow these arrangements until September 2022 when the governors and/or the Trust, may decide to make changes.

If there are more applications received than the places available at the school then the places will be allocated within the primary scheme in accordance with the published oversubscription criteria for the school.

Details for dates for timely applications and how late applications are handled are given in the primary scheme parents' guide on the LA's website.

Parent/Guardians wishing to apply for a Year 3 place in September 2021 must complete the common application form provided by their home local authority (the home LA). The home LA is the LA in whose area the parent(s) live at the time of application. The form must be returned to that LA no later than 15 January 2021. Applications received after this date will normally only be considered after all those received on or before the cutoff date. Officers and refusals of places will be posted by the home LA on 16 April 2021.

- All applications must be made in accordance with the Buckinghamshire coordinated admissions scheme (the scheme).
- All governing bodies are required by section 324 of the Education Act 1996 to admit to the school a child with a statement of special educational needs or Education, Health and Care Plan that names the school. These children will therefore be admitted prior to applying the admission rules.
- Once a child is allocated a year 3 place under the scheme the school will offer a full time place in September 2020.
- If there are more applications received than the places available at a school then
  the places will be allocated within the scheme in accordance with the published
  admission rules for the school.
- Details of the dates for timely applications and how late applications are handled are given in the scheme.

#### Admission rules for Woodside Junior School

Oversubscription criteria for Woodside Junior School remains as follows:

- 1. Looked after children and previously looked after children (See Note 1)
- 2. Children who have exceptional medical or social needs, which can only be met at that school, supported by written evidence from an appropriate professional person. (See Note 2)
- 3. Children living within the catchment area of the school (See Note 3).
- 4. For the main point of entry: Siblings (See Note 4) of children who are attending the school or a 'linked primary' school in Year R Year 5 at the time allocations are made, and are expected to be on the school roll or linked school roll at the time of the proposed admission, or who have already been offered a place to start in the current academic year at the school or a 'linked primary school'.
  - For immediate in year admission after the normal point of entry: Siblings of children who are in Year R to Year 6 at the time of admission to the school.
- 5. Children attending a primary school linked to the school named in the list of 'linked primary' schools at the time allocations are made. (A list of linked primary schools is attached)
- 6. Once the above rules have been applied then any further places will be offered in distance order; using the distance between the family's Normal Home Address (See Notes 5 and 6) and the school's nearest open entrance gate offering the closest first. We use a straight line distance. (See Note 7)
- 7. Where a school can take some, but not all, of the children who qualify under one of these rules, we will give priority to children by taking account of the next rule (or rules) in the numbered list to decide who has priority for places.
- 8. If it still not possible to decide between two applicants who are equidistant then an independently scrutinised <u>random allocation</u> will be made to allocate the final place. An explanation of the method of making random allocations is on the council website at: <a href="https://www.buckscc.gov.uk/media/1740/random-allocation-procedure.pdf">https://www.buckscc.gov.uk/media/1740/random-allocation-procedure.pdf</a> (See also Note 8 below regarding twins and multiple births)

### **Explanation of terms used in the admission rules.**

#### Note 1 Definition of Looked after children and Previously looked after children

For admissions purposes a 'looked after child' is a child who is a) in the care of a local authority, or b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of their social services functions (see the definition in Section 22 (1) of the Children Act 1989). This covers accommodated children and those who are in care under a Care Order/interim order. This can include: living with family or friends, in foster care, a children's home, residential school, special school or in supported lodgings.

This rule includes children who were previously looked after and immediately after being looked after became the subject of an adoption, child arrangement order or special guardianship order as set out below.

#### Other definitions:

Child arrangements order: is an order setting the arrangements to be made as to the

person with whom the child is to live under the Children and Families Act 2014

special guardianship order: 'an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians) under Section 14A of the Children Act 1989

#### **Note 2 Exceptional Social and Medical process**

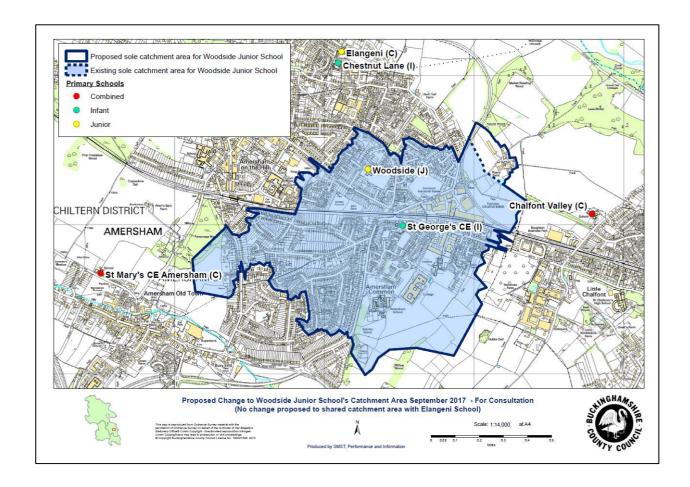
A panel comprising education professionals will consider the applications under this rule on receipt of written information from the parent indicating their reasons for the child attending a particular school. When making an application parents should send evidence from an independent professional person (this might be a doctor, health visitor, or Education Welfare Officer, for example) who knows about the child and supports the application to the school. It must clearly show why the school is the most suitable and any difficulties if alternate schools were offered.

The panel will consider which children can be considered under this rule prior to each admission round.

#### Note 3: Woodside Junior School Catchment Area

The school's catchment can be viewed via the 'Find my child a school place' mapping service at:

https://services.buckscc.gov.uk/school-admissions



#### Note 4: Definition of sibling

A sibling is a brother or sister. For admission purposes we mean one of two or more individuals who have one or more parent in common, or any other child (including an adopted or fostered child) who lives at the same address and for whom the parent also has parental responsibility or, (in the case of a fostered child) delegated authority.

We will only consider a pupil in a primary school as a 'sibling' if he or she is attending, in the specified year groups, the school or a linked primary school at the time the allocations are made or, for in-year admissions the time of admission), or has been formally offered a place at the school in the operation of the Coordinated Primary Admissions Scheme. In all cases they are expected to still be at the school at the time of proposed admission.

#### **Note 5: Definition of parent**

This is as defined in law (the Education Act 1996) as either:

- Any person who has parental responsibility (defined in Children Act 1989) for the child or young person; or
- Any person who has care of the child or young person.

## Note 6: Definition of normal home address (more detail is available in the guide)

This is the child's home address. This must be where the parent or legal carer of the child and the child live together unless it is proved that the child is resident elsewhere with someone who has legal care and control of the child. The address should be a residential property which can be permanently occupied 52 weeks of the year without any restrictions on occupation and not subjected to any planning or contractual restrictions on the duration of occupancy and is your child's only or main residence that is owned, leased or rented by the child's parent(s) or person with legal care and control of the child.

To avoid doubt where a child lives with parents with shared responsibility, each for part of a week or month, the address where the child lives will be determined by:

- 1) Confirmation of the registered address to which Child Benefit is currently being paid, or, if child benefit is not received then the address from which the child in question is registered with the doctor.
- 2) If 1) above is not applicable then the parent with whom the child spends the greater proportion of the school week from Sunday evening to Thursday evening.

#### Note 7 Definition of home to school distance

The **straight line distance definition:** is 'the distance from the address point of the pupil's normal home address, as set out by Ordnance Survey, to the nearest open school gate available for pupils to use'.

As part of the computer system we use for school admissions there is a program that measures the 'straight-line' distance from the nearest open school gates to the child's normal home address.

The point we measure to at the child's normal address is determined by the Ordnance Survey ADDRESS-BASE which is an Ordnance Survey data product that

provides a National Grid coordinate and a unique reference for each postal address in Great Britain that is on the Royal Mail's Post Office Address File (PAF®).

The PAF contains postal address data and includes premises such as buildings or permanent mobile and park homes, plus other features such as temporary buildings and houseboats.

Where Service families or families of other Crown Servants, who often move within the UK and from abroad are posted to the area, school places can be allocated in advance of the family move if an official government letter declaring a relocation date and an intended address is provided. A unit postal address or quartering area

address will be sufficient if there is not a confirmed new home address. Where Service families are returning to live in a property they already own, evidence of ownership will be needed.

This evidence should be provided by 30 January (Secondary allocation) 13 February 2016 (Primary allocation) to be included in the first allocation round

#### Note 8 Multiple births - twins, triplets etc

In cases where there is one remaining place and the next child on the waiting list is one of a twin, triplet or other multiple birth group then both twins (or all the siblings in the case of multiple births) will be admitted and whilst that child is in the class they will be an excepted pupil under the Schools Admissions (Infant Class Sizes) (England) Regulations 2012 which permit Key Stage 1 class sizes to exceed 30 following the admission of a twin for as long as necessary until a child leaves the class at which point the class size will remain at the lower figure.

#### **Linked Infant School**

Woodside Junior School has a linked Infant School which is St George's CE Infant School in Amersham.

## Proposed Primary Admission Numbers 2019 for Community and Voluntary Controlled Schools

DfE	School Name		Proposed 01/09/2019	Governing Body and LA proposed changes
2143	WOODSIDE JUNIOR SCHOOL	J	60	

The school received 112 applications expressing a preference for admission to the Year 3 in 2019 by the closing date in January 2019. These were ranked as follows:

Children with statements naming the school		1
1.	LAC	0
2.	EMSAR	0
3.	Catchment	88
4.	Siblings	3
5.	Linked School	4
6.	Other	16
	Total Applications	112

60 places were offered, with the cut-off coming under criterion Rule 4{5} sibling, linked school. The distance is not applicable as we could offer to all sibling, linked children.